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SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT (SWMS)

Operation of JCB 525-60 Telehandler

DOCUMENT CONTROL

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Review Date: January 2027

Prepared By: Joris Nap, Regional Manager

Approved By: Joris Nap, Regional Manager





SECTION 1: PROJECT DETAILS

Project Name: _____

Project Location: _____

Project Manager: _____

Contact Number: _____

Date Work Commencing: _____

Estimated Duration: _____

SECTION 2: SCOPE OF WORKS

This Safe Work Method Statement covers the operation of the JCB 525-60 Telehandler for the following activities:

- Loading and unloading materials
- Lifting and placing materials at height
- Material handling and distribution across site
- Stockpiling operations
- General material transportation
- Fork attachment operations
- Boom extension operations up to maximum reach

Equipment Specifications - JCB 525-60:

- Maximum lift capacity: 2,500 kg
- Maximum lift height: 6.0 meters
- Maximum forward reach: 3.72 meters
- Engine power: 74 HP (55 kW)
- Operating weight: Approximately 5,400 kg
- Fuel type: Diesel
- Standard attachments: Pallet forks, lifting jib (as applicable)

SECTION 3: HIGH RISK CONSTRUCTION WORK (HRCW)

Does this work involve High Risk Construction Work as defined by WHS Regulations?

☐ YES

☐ NO

If YES, specify which category and ensure appropriate licensing and notifications are completed.



SECTION 4: LEGISLATIVE REQUIREMENTS

This SWMS has been prepared in accordance with:

- Work Health and Safety Act 2011
- Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011
- AS 2550.1:2011 - Cranes, hoists and winches - Safe use
- AS 2359.1:1995 - Powered industrial trucks - General requirements
- Manufacturer's operation and maintenance manual
- Relevant state/territory WHS legislation
- Site-specific safety management plans

SECTION 5: QUALIFICATIONS, LICENSES AND TRAINING

Personnel involved in this work might need to hold current and valid:

Operator Requirements:

- JCB 525-60 specific operational training (manufacturer or equivalent)
- Site induction (valid)
- Verification of Competency (VOC) where required
- Current medical fitness assessment

Spotter/Dogmen Requirements (where applicable):

- Dogging license (DG) if performing dogging duties
- Site induction (valid)
- Communication and hand signal training

All Personnel:

- White Card (Construction Induction Training)
- Emergency response training
- Hazard identification training

SECTION 6: PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Primary Equipment:

- JCB 525-60 Telehandler with current maintenance records
- Valid registration/inspection certificates
- Pre-start checklist and logbook

Attachments:

- Pallet forks (rated and certified)
- Lifting jib with current load rating plate (if required)
- Any other manufacturer-approved attachments

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

- Hard hat (Class C or E as per AS/NZS 1801)
- High visibility vest/shirt (Class D/N as per AS/NZS 4602.1)
- Safety footwear with steel toe caps (AS/NZS 2210.3)
- Safety glasses or goggles (AS/NZS 1337)
- Hearing protection where noise exceeds 85dB(A)



- Gloves suitable for task
- Sun protection (long sleeves, sunscreen, wide-brimmed hat when outside cabin)

Additional Equipment:

- Two-way radios or communication devices
- Witches hats/traffic cones
- Barricades and barrier tape
- Fire extinguisher (mounted on machine)
- First aid kit
- Spill kit (for fuel/hydraulic fluid spills)
- Wheel chocks
- Load charts and rating information

SECTION 7: PRE-OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS

Site Assessment:

Prior to commencing operations, the following must be completed:

- 1. Underground Services Identification:**
 - Dial Before You Dig completed (minimum 3 business days prior)
 - All underground services marked and identified
 - Service location verification completed
 - Exclusion zones established around services
 - Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR) scan if required
- 2. Overhead Hazards:**
 - Identify all overhead power lines, structures, and obstructions
 - Establish minimum clearance distances (3m for <132kV, 6m for >132kV)
 - Exclusion zones and barriers installed where required
 - Goal post protection or line de-energization arranged if necessary
 - Maximum boom height restrictions communicated to operator
- 3. Ground Conditions:**
 - Inspect for soft ground, fill, trenches, or underground voids
 - Assess ground stability and load-bearing capacity
 - Identify slopes, gradients, and uneven surfaces
 - Check for water, mud, or slippery conditions
 - Confirm ground can support machine weight (5,400 kg minimum)
- 4. Work Area Preparation:**
 - Work area barricaded and signposted
 - Pedestrian exclusion zones established (minimum 5 meters)
 - Traffic management plan implemented if near roadways
 - Adequate lighting for work area (minimum 50 lux)
 - Clear access and egress routes identified
 - Weather conditions assessed (wind, rain, visibility)
- 5. Load Assessment:**
 - Load weights confirmed and documented
 - Load dimensions measured
 - Center of gravity identified
 - Lifting points assessed
 - Load stability confirmed



- Load chart consulted for capacity at required reach/height

SECTION 8: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION AND RISK ASSESSMENT

Hazard	Potential Consequence	Risk Rating (Initial)	Control Measures	Risk Rating (Residual)
Machine rollover/tip over	Death, serious crushing injuries	High	Operate on level ground only	Low
			Never exceed load chart capacity	
			Deploy stabilizers when required	
			Reduce speed on uneven terrain	
			Maintain low centre of gravity	
			Avoid sudden movements or sharp turns with load	
Collision with pedestrians/workers	Death, serious crushing injuries	High	Establish 5m exclusion zone	Low
			Use spotters for reversing/blind spots	
			Install reversing alarms and beacons	
			Implement traffic management plan	
			High visibility clothing mandatory	
			Radio communication protocols	
Contact with overhead power lines	Electrocution, death, burns	High	Maintain 3m clearance (<132kV)	Low
			De-energize lines if possible	
			Use goal post protection	
			Boom height limiters if required	
			Operator awareness training	
			Spotter assigned for proximity work	
Contact with underground services	Electrocution, gas explosion, flooding	High	Dial Before You Dig completed	Low
			Service location plans reviewed	
			Hand excavation within 1m of services	
			Services physically located and marked	
			Exclusion zones established	
Load falling from height	Death, serious crush injuries	High	Secure loads properly	Low
			Use appropriate lifting attachments	
			Confirm load weight before lifting	
			Never exceed rated capacity	
			Travel with load low to ground	
			Exclusion zone maintained below loads	
		High	Maintain minimum 1.5m setback from edges	Low



Machine falling into excavation/trench	Death, serious crushing injuries		Assess ground stability	
			Use edge protection barriers	
			Compact soil at excavation edges	
			Reduce loads when near excavations	
Struck by moving vehicle/plant	Death, serious crush injuries	Medium	High visibility clothing	Low
			Traffic management plan	
			Physical separation from traffic	
			Communication protocols	
			Dedicated access routes	
Entanglement in moving parts	Amputation, crush injuries	Medium	Machine guards in place	Low
			Never bypass safety devices	
			Keep clear of moving parts	
			Lockout/tagout for maintenance	
			No loose clothing near machinery	
Falling from height (accessing cabin)	Fractures, head injuries	Medium	Use three points of contact	Low
			Keep steps clean and clear	
			Wear appropriate footwear	
			Face machine when mounting/dismounting	
			Anti-slip surfaces maintained	
Manual handling injuries	Musculo-skeletal injuries, strains	Medium	Use mechanical aids where possible	Low
			Team lifting for heavy items	
			Proper lifting techniques	
			Regular breaks and job rotation	
			Warm-up exercises	
Noise exposure	Hearing loss, tinnitus	Medium	Wear hearing protection >85dB(A)	Low
			Maintain machine to reduce noise	
			Limit exposure duration	
			Hearing tests as required	
Vibration exposure	Hand-arm vibration syndrome	Medium	Limit continuous operation periods	Low
			Use suspended operator seat	
			Maintain machine condition	
			Regular operator breaks	
			Medical monitoring	
Fire/explosion	Burns, death, property damage	Medium	Daily fuel system inspection	Low
			No smoking near machine	
			Fire extinguisher accessible	
			Refuel in designated areas only	
			Clean up fuel spills immediately	
			Hot work permits where required	
Hydraulic fluid injection	Serious tissue damage,	Medium	Never check for leaks with hands	Low
			De-pressurize system before maintenance	
			Wear appropriate PPE	



	amputation		Use cardboard to find leaks	
			Immediate medical attention if injured	
Extreme weather conditions	Various injuries, equipment damage	Medium	Cease operations in high winds (>40 km/h)	Low
			Stop work during electrical storms	
			Reduce capacity in wet conditions	
			Increased lighting in low visibility	
			Heat/cold stress management	
Fatigue	Reduced alertness, incidents	Low	Maximum shift length limits	Low
			Regular breaks (10 min per 2 hours)	
			Adequate rest between shifts	
			Operator monitoring	
			Fatigue management plan	
Environmental spills	Environmental contamination	Low	Spill kit available and accessible	Low
			Drip trays for refuelling	
			Regular fluid level checks	
			Immediate spill response procedures	
			Appropriate disposal of wastes	

Risk Rating Matrix:

- High: Immediate action required, work cannot proceed until risk is reduced
- Medium: Action required to reduce risk as soon as practicable
- Low: Risk acceptable with controls in place, monitor regularly

SECTION 9: SAFE WORK PROCEDURES

9.1 PRE-START INSPECTION

The operator must complete a documented pre-start inspection daily before first use. DO NOT operate the machine if any defects are identified - report immediately to supervisor.

Inspection Checklist:

Visual Inspection (walk-around):

- Tires: Check pressure, wear, damage, and loose wheel nuts
- Hydraulic hoses: Check for leaks, damage, or wear
- Structural components: Check for cracks, damage, or excessive wear
- Forks/attachments: Check for damage, wear, and proper securing
- Safety decals: Check all warning and instruction labels are legible
- Lights and beacons: Check all lights, indicators, and beacons operational
- Mirrors: Check all mirrors are clean and properly adjusted
- Fire extinguisher: Check present, accessible, and within service date
- Steps and handrails: Check clean and secure
- No fluid leaks: Check ground beneath machine for oil/fuel leaks

From Operator's Seat (engine off):



- Seat condition: Check for damage, adjust to comfortable position
- Seatbelt: Check for damage and proper function
- Operator controls: Check all controls present and move freely
- Gauges and instruments: Check all readable and undamaged
- Windows: Check clean and undamaged for good visibility
- Emergency exits: Check accessible and operational
- Operator's manual: Check present and accessible

Engine Running Checks:

- Start engine as per manufacturer's procedures
- Warning lights and gauges: Check all functions correctly
- Engine operation: Listen for unusual noises
- Hydraulic system: Check for abnormal sounds or sluggish operation
- Brakes: Test service and parking brakes before moving
- Steering: Check smooth operation with no excessive play
- Horn: Test operation
- Reversing alarm: Confirm operational
- Boom extension and retraction: Test smooth operation with no load
- Boom elevation: Test smooth operation with no load
- Tilt function: Test smooth operation with no load
- Emergency stop: Confirm accessible (do not test activation)

Record all defects in logbook and report to supervisor immediately. Tag machine "Out of Service" if defects affect safe operation.

9.2 STARTING AND STOPPING PROCEDURES

Starting the Machine:

1. Ensure all personnel are clear of the machine
2. Walk completely around machine checking for hazards
3. Mount using three points of contact, facing the machine
4. Adjust seat and fasten seatbelt before starting engine
5. Ensure all controls are in neutral position
6. Apply parking brake
7. Start engine as per manufacturer's procedures
8. Allow engine to warm up and check all gauges
9. Complete functional tests (hydraulics, brakes, steering)
10. Release parking brake only when ready to operate

Stopping the Machine:

1. Move to level, firm ground away from traffic
2. Lower forks/attachment to ground fully
3. Apply parking brake
4. Place all controls in neutral
5. Allow engine to idle for cool-down period (if operated at high loads)
6. Turn off engine and remove key
7. Complete post-operation inspection
8. Complete logbook entries
9. Report any defects or issues to supervisor
10. Secure machine if left unattended



9.3 OPERATING PROCEDURES

General Operating Rules:

1. Never operate the machine unless:

- You hold appropriate licenses and training
- Pre-start inspection is completed and machine serviceable
- Work area hazards have been identified and controlled
- Weather conditions are suitable for safe operation
- You are wearing all required PPE

2. Always:

- Keep seatbelt fastened while operating
- Travel with forks/load as low as practicable (150-300mm off ground)
- Travel with heavy end of machine forward (loaded forks forward, empty forks reverse)
- Approach corners and turns at reduced speed
- Sound horn at blind corners and when visibility limited
- Maintain safe distance from edges, excavations, and drop-offs
- Operate smoothly without sudden movements
- Check overhead clearances before raising boom
- Ensure ground is level and stable before lifting
- Refer to load chart before every lift

3. Never:

- Exceed maximum rated capacity for reach and height
- Lift loads above personnel or occupied areas
- Allow riders on the machine or attachment
- Use machine for purposes other than designed
- Travel with boom elevated (except when absolutely necessary at slow speed)
- Operate with faulty brakes, steering, or hydraulics
- Operate under influence of drugs or alcohol
- Bypass or disable safety devices
- Make repairs or adjustments while engine running
- Leave machine unattended with engine running

Load Handling Procedures:

1. Before Lifting:

- Confirm load weight and dimensions
- Consult load chart for capacity at required reach/height
- Reduce capacity for adverse conditions (wind, uneven ground, side loading)
- Inspect load for stability and securing
- Identify and clear lift path
- Position machine on firm, level ground
- Engage stabilizers if fitted and conditions require

2. During Lifting:

- Approach load square and centered on forks
- Slide forks fully under load (minimum 2/3 of load length)
- Ensure load is balanced and stable
- Tilt forks back slightly for load security
- Raise load slightly and test balance/stability



- Lower load immediately if unstable
- Keep boom vertical during lifting (avoid side loading)
- Raise load smoothly without jerking
- Maintain clear view of load and surroundings
- Use spotter if visibility restricted

3. Traveling with Load:

- Travel with load 150-300mm above ground
- Keep load uphill when traveling on grades
- Reduce speed on uneven terrain or around corners
- Avoid sudden stops, starts, or turns
- Travel slowly in reverse with loaded forks
- Sound horn approaching pedestrians or blind spots

4. Placing Load:

- Ensure placement area is clear of personnel
- Position machine square to placement point
- Extend boom slowly and smoothly
- Place load gently without dropping or jerking
- Ensure load is stable before withdrawing forks
- Tilt forks forward to clear load
- Withdraw forks slowly and smoothly
- Lower boom completely before traveling

Operating on Slopes and Uneven Ground:

- Maximum operating slope: 1:6 (10 degrees) with load, 1:4 (15 degrees) without load
- Always travel with load uphill
- Reduce speed on slopes and rough terrain
- Avoid traveling across slopes with load (drive straight up/down)
- Never turn on steep slopes
- Be aware that ground may be softer at bottom of slopes
- Exercise extreme caution and reduce capacity in adverse conditions

Reversing Operations:

- Check behind machine before reversing
- Use mirrors and cameras (if fitted) constantly
- Use spotter for blind areas or congested spaces
- Sound horn before reversing
- Reverse slowly with heightened awareness
- Stop immediately if unsure or if hazards appear

9.4 REFUELING PROCEDURES

1. Move to designated refueling area away from ignition sources
2. Stop engine and allow to cool for at least 5 minutes
3. Ensure no smoking within 8 meters
4. Have fire extinguisher readily accessible
5. Use spill containment equipment (drip trays)
6. Ground fuel container to machine to prevent static discharge
7. Fill fuel tank slowly to prevent spills and overflow
8. Do not overfill - allow space for expansion



9. Replace fuel cap securely
10. Clean up any spills immediately using spill kit
11. Dispose of contaminated materials appropriately
12. Wash hands after refueling

Never refuel with engine running, near ignition sources, or in enclosed spaces.

9.5 EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

Machine Tip-Over:

- Stay in cabin with seatbelt fastened if machine begins to tip
- Hold firmly to steering wheel and brace yourself
- Do not attempt to jump clear
- Wait until machine stops moving before exiting
- Exit away from danger side
- Immediately call emergency services if injuries occur

Fire:

- Stop machine immediately and turn off engine
- Evacuate area immediately - do not fight large fires
- Call emergency services (000)
- Use fire extinguisher only for small, contained fires
- Approach fire from upwind side
- Aim extinguisher at base of flames
- If fire cannot be controlled, evacuate to safe distance

Contact with Power Lines:

- Stay in cabin if machine contacts power lines
- Call emergency services immediately (000)
- Warn others to stay clear (minimum 8 meters)
- If must exit due to fire, jump clear without touching machine and ground simultaneously
- Shuffle away with small steps keeping feet together

Hydraulic Fluid Injection:

- Seek immediate medical attention - this is a medical emergency
- Do not treat as simple puncture wound
- Time is critical - amputation may result from delayed treatment
- Inform medical staff that injury involves high-pressure hydraulic injection

Injury or Illness:

- Stop work immediately
- Provide first aid as required
- Call emergency services if serious (000)
- Notify supervisor immediately
- Preserve incident scene for investigation
- Complete incident report

Equipment Breakdown:

- Park in safe location away from traffic
- Apply parking brake and lower attachment to ground
- Place warning signs/cones around machine
- Report breakdown to supervisor
- Tag machine "Out of Service"
- Do not attempt repairs unless qualified



SECTION 10: MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

Daily Maintenance (Operator):

- Pre-start inspection as per Section 9.1
- Visual inspection for damage, leaks, and wear
- Check and top up fluid levels (engine oil, coolant, hydraulic fluid)
- Grease points as per schedule
- Clean lights, mirrors, and windows
- Check tire pressures and condition
- Post-operation inspection and logbook entry

Weekly Maintenance:

- Detailed inspection of hydraulic system
- Check battery condition and connections
- Inspect and test all safety devices
- Check boom wear pads and bushings
- Inspect boom sections for damage or cracks
- Check fork condition and attachment security
- Review logbook for recurring issues

Monthly Maintenance:

- Service air filter (clean or replace)
- Inspect brake system components
- Check steering system for wear
- Inspect electrical system and wiring
- Test all alarms and warning devices
- Verify load chart is current and legible
- Review maintenance records

Scheduled Servicing:

- Manufacturer's service schedule must be followed
- Services conducted by qualified technician
- Service records maintained with machine
- Any defects identified during service rectified before use
- Load chart and SWL certification current

Maintenance Safety:

- Lock out/tag out procedures must be followed
- Support boom/forks with mechanical means, never rely on hydraulics
- De-pressurize hydraulic system before opening
- Allow machine to cool before maintenance
- Use proper tools for the job
- Wear appropriate PPE for maintenance tasks
- Follow manufacturer's procedures

SECTION 11: ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

Dust Control:

- Water down work areas in dry conditions



- Reduce speed to minimize dust generation
- Stop work if dust cannot be controlled adequately
- Provide dust masks where required

Noise Control:

- Maintain silencers and mufflers in good condition
- Restrict operating hours as per site requirements
- Position machine to direct noise away from sensitive areas
- Provide hearing protection where noise exceeds 85dB(A)

Spill Prevention and Response:

- Conduct routine inspection for leaks
- Use drip trays during refueling and maintenance
- Maintain spill kit on site and accessible
- Clean up spills immediately using appropriate materials
- Report significant spills to environmental authorities
- Dispose of contaminated materials at approved facility

Waste Management:

- Segregate waste types (fuel, oil, hydraulic fluid, general waste)
- Use appropriate containers with labels
- Store waste in designated areas
- Arrange disposal through licensed contractors
- Maintain waste disposal records

SECTION 12: TRAINING AND COMPETENCY

Initial Training Requirements:

All operators are recommended to complete and provide evidence of:

- High Risk Work Licence (Forklift) or equivalent
- JCB 525-60 specific operational training
- Site induction including emergency procedures
- Hazard identification and risk assessment training
- Load chart interpretation training
- Communication and hand signal training

Ongoing Competency:

- Annual Verification of Competency (VOC) assessment
- Refresher training every 5 years minimum
- Retraining following any incident or unsafe act
- Retraining following extended absence (>3 months)
- Additional training for new attachments or procedures

Records Management:

- Training records maintained for minimum 5 years
- Licence and competency checks conducted before site access
- Training register updated for all personnel
- Copies of current licences held on file



SECTION 13: COMMUNICATION

Communication Methods:

Primary: Two-way radio communication between operator and ground personnel
Secondary: Mobile phone contact
Tertiary: Hand signals (as per AS 2550.1)

Standard Hand Signals:

- STOP: Arm extended, palm down, move hand side to side
- EMERGENCY STOP: Both arms extended above head, palms forward
- HOIST/RAISE: Arm extended up, forefinger pointing up, circular motion
- LOWER: Arm extended down, forefinger pointing down, circular motion
- MOVE SLOWLY: Hand in front of hand giving signal
- STOP ENGINE: Draw hand across throat

Communication Protocol:

1. Establish radio contact before commencing operations
2. Maintain constant communication during lifts
3. Use clear, concise language
4. Confirm all instructions with readback
5. Use "stop" signal immediately if unsafe situation develops
6. Test communication equipment during pre-start
7. Have backup communication method available

SECTION 14: TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT

Where operations occur near vehicles or mobile plant:

- Implement traffic management plan as per AS 1742.3
- Establish exclusion zones with physical barriers
- Use traffic controllers/spotters as required
- Install warning signage (advance warning, hazard, guide)
- Provide separate pedestrian routes where possible
- Maintain minimum separation distance of 2 meters from vehicles
- All personnel wear high visibility clothing (Class D/N)
- Reduce speed limits in work areas
- Schedule work to minimize traffic interaction
- Coordinate with other site activities

SECTION 15: SUPERVISION AND MONITORING

Supervisor Responsibilities:

- Ensure SWMS is understood and followed by all personnel
- Conduct toolbox talks before work commences
- Monitor work practices for compliance
- Conduct regular inspections of work area and equipment
- Address unsafe acts or conditions immediately
- Ensure appropriate resources are available
- Review and update SWMS as required



- Investigate incidents and implement corrective actions
- Maintain records of inspections and monitoring

Operator Responsibilities:

- Read and understand SWMS before commencing work
- Follow all procedures and control measures
- Wear required PPE at all times
- Report hazards, incidents, and near misses immediately
- Stop work if unsafe conditions develop
- Maintain machine in clean and serviceable condition
- Complete all required documentation
- Participate in safety meetings and training
- Assist in incident investigations

Monitoring Activities:

- Daily pre-start inspections by operator
- Weekly site inspections by supervisor
- Monthly SWMS review and update
- Random competency observations
- Incident investigation and corrective actions
- Review of maintenance and logbook records
- Consultation with workers on safety improvements

SECTION 16: CONSULTATION AND SIGN-OFF

This SWMS has been developed in consultation with:

- Site management
- Machine operators
- Health and safety representatives
- Other affected workers

Management Approval:

I confirm this SWMS is suitable for the work described and that adequate resources and controls are in place.

Name: _____ Position: _____

Signature: _____ Date: _____

Worker Acknowledgement:

I have read and understood this SWMS. I am competent to perform the work described and will follow all procedures and control measures.

Name Signature Date License No. Company

SECTION 17: REVIEW AND REVISION

This SWMS must be reviewed:

- Prior to use on each new project

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- When workplace conditions change significantly
- Following any incident or near miss
- When new hazards are identified
- When control measures are found to be ineffective
- At minimum annually
- When requested by workers or HSR

Revision History:

Version	Date	Description of Changes	Revised By
1.0	Jan 2026	Initial document	Joris Nap

SECTION 18: ATTACHMENTS AND REFERENCES

Attachments:

- JCB 525-60 Load Chart
- Site Plan showing work areas and exclusion zones
- Underground service location plans (Dial Before You Dig)
- Operator Licences and Competency Records
- Machine Maintenance Records and Logbook
- Pre-Start Inspection Checklist
- Emergency Response Plan
- Manufacturer's Operating Manual

References:

- Work Health and Safety Act 2011
- Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011
- AS 2550.1:2011 Cranes, hoists and winches - Safe use
- AS 2359.1:1995 Powered industrial trucks
- AS 1742.3 Traffic control for works on roads
- JCB 525-60 Operator's Manual
- Site Safety Management Plan

SECTION 19: EMERGENCY CONTACTS

Emergency Services: 000**Site Contacts:**

Project Manager: _____ Ph: _____

Site Supervisor: _____ Ph: _____

Safety Officer: _____ Ph: _____

First Aid Officer: _____ Ph: _____

Utility Services:

Electricity Provider: _____ Ph: _____

Gas Provider: _____ Ph: _____

Water Provider: _____ Ph: _____

Other:

Equipment Supplier: _____ Ph: _____

Maintenance Provider: _____ Ph: _____



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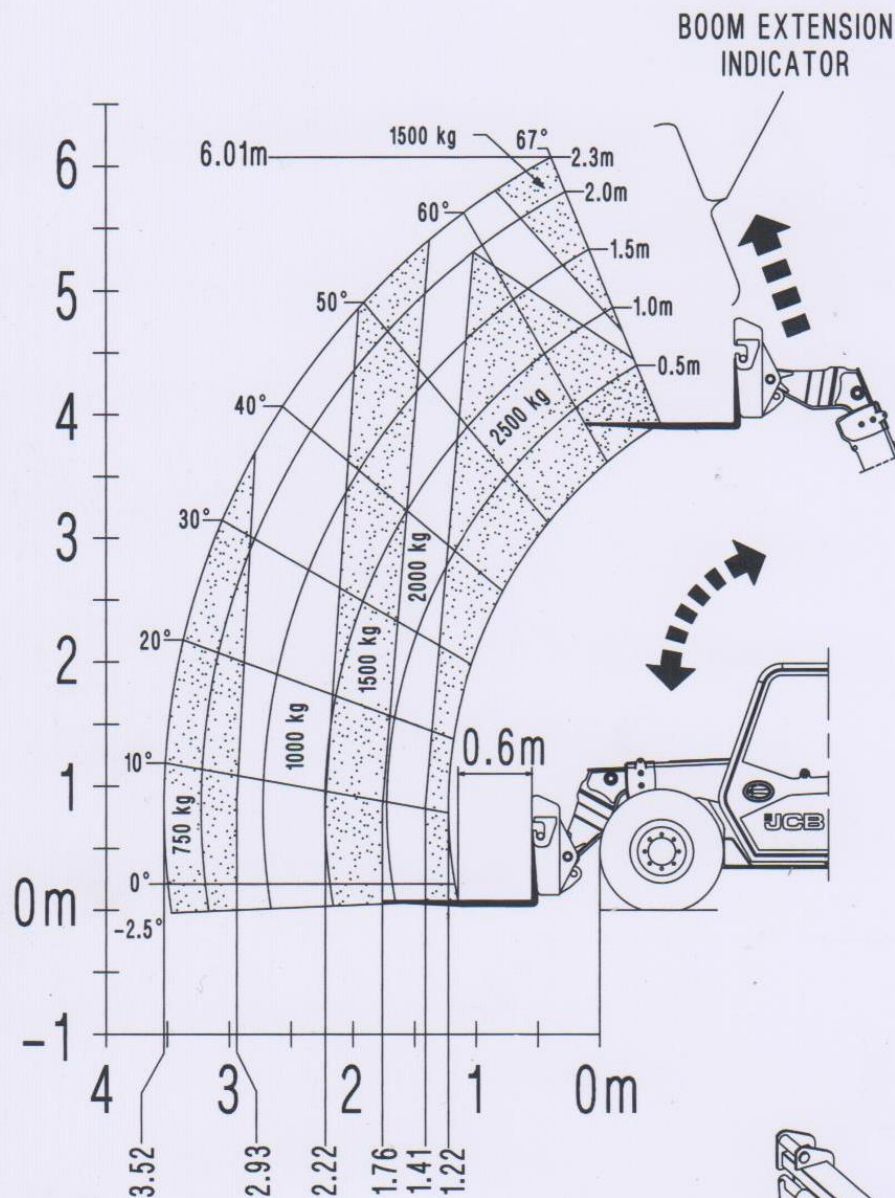
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